

~~SECRET~~14th December, 1959.COCOM Document 3716.35/2COORDINATING COMMITTEERECORD OF DISCUSSIONONITEM 1635 - ALLOYS10th December 1959

Present: Belgium(Luxembourg), France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, United Kingdom, United States.

References: COCOM Docs. Nos. 3700.3, 3716.00/1, 3716.35/1 and W.P. 1635/1.

1. The BELGIAN Delegation informed the Committee that they could now agree to the French proposal concerning this item. The FRENCH Delegation thanked the Belgian Delegation for their favourable decision.

CONCLUSION : The COMMITTEE agreed to redefine Item 1635 as follows:

"Alloys, as follows:

(See Interpretative Note No. 6)

(a) Containing

- (1) 10% or more molybdenum (but 5% or more molybdenum in any alloys containing more than 14% chromium); or
- (2) 6% or more cobalt except:

- (i) permanent magnetic metals with a cobalt content of 2% or less;
- (ii) high speed tool steels containing up to 10% cobalt, less than 5% chromium and no nickel; or

(NOTE: Governments may permit as administrative exceptions exports of small quantities of narrow strips for watch springs. Such shipments should be reported in the monthly statistics.)

- (3) 1.5% or more niobium and/or tantalum;

- (b) Nickel bearing stabilised steels n.e.s. having a total of 38 per cent or more of alloying elements except such steels containing less than 0.4 per cent titanium or niobium-tantalum.

(NOTE: For the purpose of calculating the 38 per cent cut-off, the maximum of the range specified for each element is to be taken. In the absence of a specified maximum for titanium or niobium-tantalum the figure of 0.4 per cent shall be used to indicate the presence of titanium or 0.8 per cent for niobium-tantalum. The 38 per cent cut-off must not be exceeded to take account of manufacturing or other tolerances. Alloying elements means everything other than iron.)

- (c) Precipitation hardening steels, containing 4% or more nickel.

(See Interpretative Note No. 4)."